

Cancer Chemotherapy

Radiotherapy induced

Nausea & Vomiting

induced Nausea δ Vomiting

 Provides superior control of acute and delayed emesis compared to standard antiemetic therapy

 Highly effective for prevention of CINV in patients with breast cancer after moderately emetogenic chemotherapy

 The addition of Aprepitant is associated with improved control of nausea and vomiting and reduction in hospitalization in patients receiving chemotherapy

 Safe & efficacious for the prophylaxis of radiotherapy-induced nausea & vomiting after both single & multiple-fraction moderately emetogenic radiotherapy for thoracolumbar bone metastases

Possesses high tolerability Gin J Oncol Nurs 2004 Jun 8/33 2004 6

Anti-emetic with complete control over NAUSEA & VOMITING